





27 October 2025

Household Inflation Expectations: October 2025

AN INCREASE IN THE INFLATION EXPECTATIONS

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Summary findings

- The average inflation expectation for one year ahead: 61% (an increase of 6.9 points compared to last month).
- 26.5% of participants expect inflation to be in the range of 41-60%.
- **26.7%** of participants expect inflation to be lower than the current level (**an increase of 1.5 points** compared to last month).
- By gender: The inflation expectation is 57.7% for men and 67% for women.
- By age: the **lowest** expectation is at the group of **35-44 years (%58.9)**, the **highest** expectation is at the group of **25-34 years (%65.4)**.
- By employment status: The **highest** expectation is among **students** (%68.2), and the **lowest** is among **day/labor** workers (%52).

Inflation Expectations and Distribution

In September 2025, the household inflation expectations for one year ahead **increased by 6.9 points** compared to the previous survey period, reaching **61%** (Table 1). The proportion of those who expect inflation to be lower than the current inflation rate (33.3%) **increased by 1.5 points** from the previous month, reaching **26.7%** (Table 1). According to the distribution of inflation expectations, the **largest** group of participants **(26.5%)** predicts that the inflation rate will be between **41-60%** (Table 2).

Inflation Expectations by Gender, Age, and Employment Status

Higher Inflation Expectations for Women

According to the September 2025 data, inflation expectations increased by 3.3 points for men and 13.3 points for women compared to the previous month. In September 2025, the average inflation expectation was 57.7% for men and 67% for women (Table 3).

The Highest Inflation Expectation in the 25-34 Age Group

Compared to the previous month, inflation expectations decreased across all age groups. The largest increase was observed in the 25-34 age group (14.2 points), while the smallest increase was seen in the 65+ age group (2.9 points) (Table 3). According to the current data, the average inflation expectations are as follows: 18-24 years: 59.9%, 25-34 years: 65.4%, 35-44 years: 58.9%, 45-54 years: 59.1%, 55-64 years: 63.8%, and 65+ years: 59.1%.

Significant Increase in Inflation Expectations Among Unemployed Group

Compared to the previous month, the largest increase in inflation expectations was observed among Unemployed, looking for a job (15.2 points), while the smallest increase was seen among self-employed or employers (4.8 points) (Table 4). According to the current data, the average inflation expectations by employment status are as follows: Retired/Not Working: 63.2%, Day/Labor Workers: 52%, Self-employed or Employers: 58.4%, Salaried Government

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Employees: 57.5%, Students: 68.2%, Salaried Private Sector Employees: 59.4%, Unemployed, Not Looking for a Job: 61.4%, Unemployed, Looking for a Job: 65.7%.

Table 1: Inflation Expectations and the Proportion of Those Expecting a Decrease in Inflation

(%)	Inflation expectations	The Proportion of Those Expecting a Decrease in Inflation
August 2025	57.8	24.9
September 2025	54.1	25.2

Table 2: Distribution of Inflation Expectations

(%)	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100	100- 120	120+
September							
2025	5.3	26.1	32.5	16.9	6.8	9.8	2.6

Table 3: Inflation Expectations by Gender and Age

	By gender		By age					
(%)	Male	Female	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+ years
August 2025	56.5	59.7	58.7	56.3	55.2	58.8	58.0	61.5
September								
2025	54.3	53.7	54.8	51.2	53.9	55.1	53.8	56.2

Table 4: Inflation Expectations by Employment Status

(%)	Retired / Not Workin g	Day / Labor Worke rs	Self- employe d or Employe rs	Salaried Governm ent Employee s	Studen ts	Salaried Private Sector Employe es	Unemploy ed/ Not Looking for a Job	Unemploy ed/ Looking for a Job
August 2025	60.4	60.4	58.6	55.5	54.1	57.1	55.1	57.4
Septemb er 2025	57.7	52.7	53.6	45.7	60.7	54.5	55.7	50.4

Inflation Expectations Survey Methodology and Results

The inflation expectations data for September 2025 was obtained from a survey conducted between October 1-3, 2025, using the Computer-Assisted Telephone Interviewing (CATI) method. A total of 2,017 individuals participated in the survey. To measure household inflation expectations, participants were asked, "What do you think the inflation rate will be one year from now?" The data of the 1,260 participants who answered this open-ended question with a specific number or percentage were analyzed. The remaining participants, who responded with "I don't know/no opinion" or gave answers without the interviewer's guidance, were grouped under the "Don't know/no opinion" category.

The published research results are based on monthly surveys conducted by Research İstanbul, which involve approximately 2,000 people across 26 provinces in Turkey. These 26 provinces represent Turkey's 26 Nomenclature of Units for Territorial Statistics (NUTS) regions, which are in line with the statistical regions used by the European Union. The NUTS classification, developed in 2003, is supervised by the European Union. To ensure the survey results are representative of Turkey's general population, the raw data obtained from the survey is weighted according to education, age, and gender information, in compliance with the NUTS standard. Our survey results provide statistically significant findings within a 95% confidence interval and a margin of error of ±2.19%.